

# JavaScript Library

# **Streaming Tag Implementation Guide**

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for further information, please contact: Comscore Tag Support +1 866 276 6972

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# **1** Introduction

Use of the Comscore SDK is subject to the licenses and other terms and conditions set forth herein, including the materials provided in the SDK deliverables. Your use of this SDK and/or transmission of data to Comscore constitutes your agreement to these licenses and other terms and conditions, including the Data Sharing Agreement.

The JavaScript library Streaming Tag provides accurate and comprehensive streaming media analytics functionality. This enables Comscore to receive measurement insights critical to answering questions about streaming media usage, including advertising messages.

The JavaScript library Streaming Tag is implemented next to - or into - a streaming media player. In response to media change and playback state change activity in your player you will implement calls to the Comscore library. A similar solution is available for other popular platforms from which Comscore reports streaming media usage.

If you have any questions or concerns about the instructions in this document, or about elements of the JavaScript library, then please contact your Comscore account team or implementation support team.

## 1.1 Intended use of JavaScript library

The instructions in this document are intended to be used with **version 7.3.0 and subsequent 7.x.y releases** of the JavaScript library for implementation using JavaScript code in or next to a streaming media player in a web site or web application intended for PC and Mobile web browsers like Chrome, Safari or Microsoft Edge as well as any of the other application environments mentioned in the *JavaScript Library Implementation Guide*.



This documentation refers to the JavaScript code for all supported environments as "application" even though you might not consider your web page environment to be an application.

If you are using a different kind of environment or if your application is developed in another programming language then please contact your Comscore account team to ask for guidance.

# **1.2 Preparation**

Please complete the following checklist before adding the Streaming Tag implementation to your streaming media player:

- 1. The Streaming Tag implementation uses elements of the JavaScript library. Confirm you have implemented the library for tagging of the application itself.
- 2. Familiarize yourself with the instructions in this document.
- 3. If you are updating an existing implementation, then please refer to *Appendix D: Update an existing implementation on page 20* to see if there are any relevant steps mentioned for your situation.
- 4. Clarify with your Comscore account team what type of media you should be implementing the Streaming Tag for (video and/ or audio). Please do not implement this tag onto media types other than those you have been instructed to by your



Comscore account team.

- 5. Determine the media asset metadata values that need to be collected.
- 6. Make sure you are using a player that has an API which allows you to detect the player state and allows you to access details like the current playback position and relevant media asset metadata.
- 7. Ensure you have a reference to the library API. The code examples and object references in this document assume you have created a library API reference called analytics.

## 1.3 Implementation overview and general instructions

The implementation for a streaming media player involves the following steps:

- 1. Ensure the library is included in the application project with code statements to configure and start the library.
- 2. Create a analytics.StreamingAnalytics instance.
- 3. Specify media metadata values using analytics.StreamingAnalytics.ContentMetadata and analytics.StreamingAnalytics.AdvertisementMetadata instances.
- 4. Instrument the analytics.StreamingAnalytics instance so it is aware of media asset changes.
- 5. Instrument the analytics.StreamingAnalytics instance to make it aware of player playback state changes.

### 1.3.1 Intended use of library elements

As you work with the library you might see classes, methods or properties which do not appear in this documentation. Those library elements are exposed either because the solution requires it or because they are needed for custom solution implementations for which Comscore provides additional instructions.



Please ensure you do not use any library elements which do not appear in this documentation unless you have received explicit instructions for their use from Comscore.



# 2 Implementation instructions

For optimal tagging of your player's streaming playback scenarios it is important to understand how the Streaming Tag collects data. This data collection model can be summarized as follows:

- A Playback Session represents the collection of a discrete content and its related advertisements.
- Each discrete content is represented by exactly one *Asset*, specified through *Metadata* values.
- Each individual advertisement is represented by exactly one Asset, specified through Metadata values.
- Media changes in the player are indicated through an API method call to specify the metadata of the current Asset.
- The player's playback state changes play, pause, buffer, etc. are indicated through API method calls.

Please consider the following example player:



Example player with Time Line showing content and ad breaks

- A indicates the current *Playback Position* relative to the length of the content. The player is at position 3m49s of the content, which has a length of 23m58s.
- **B** is a visual representation of the *Time Line* for the content. It represents the content in its entirety and shows a number of relevant details which give an indication of what the player can be expected to do next.
- C visually represents the current *Playback Position* on the *Time Line*.
- D visually represents the amount of content data downloaded by the player. The player has not yet downloaded the entire content, so seeking to a position further into the content will likely cause buffering to occur. Or, seeking to a further position might not be possible altogether depending on how the player has been programmed to behave in such scenarios.
- E, F, G and H are cue point markers for ad breaks. At these positions relative to the content the player is potentially going to halt playback of the content to load and play advertisements.
  - E represents a pre-roll ad break.
  - F and G represent mid-roll ad breaks.
  - H represents a post-roll ad break.

If we assume the pre-roll, post-roll and first mid-roll ad break each contain a single individual advertisement and the second midroll ad break contains two individual advertisements, then this *Playback Session* has a total of 6 *Assets*:

- 1 content
- 1 pre-roll advertisement



- 3 mid-roll advertisements
- 1 post-roll advertisement

The following sections explain the implementation of the Streaming Tag in your player, illustrated with this example player.

## 2.1 Create analytics. StreamingAnalytics instance

To start, please create an instance of the analytics. StreamingAnalytics class from the Comscore library:

### 11. var sa = new StreamingAnalytics();

You can reuse this instance throughout your implementation, even if your player changes from one content to another.

## 2.2 Set implementation details (optional)

To help with implementation validation and reporting Comscore may have provided you with additional instructions to identify your implementation and/or player.

### 2.2.1 Implementation ID

If Comscore provided you with an Implementation ID for your implementation, then please specify this ID as a String value:

```
12. sa.setImplementationId( "1234567890" ); // Use the provided ID
```

### 2.2.2 Project ID

If Comscore provided you with an Project ID for your implementation, then please specify this ID as a String value:

```
13. sa.setProjectId( "1234567890" ); // Use the provided ID
```

#### 2.2.3 Player name and version

If Comscore instructed you to identify your players by name and version, then please specify these as String values:

```
sa.setMediaPlayerName( "My Player" ); // Use a suitable name to distinguish your player
sa.setMediaPlayerVersion( "1.2.3-a5f72c" ); // Use the version of your player
```

## 2.3 Create Playback Session

When your player loads content for playback — or the first time your player loads an advertisement related to that content — please instruct the analytics.StreamingAnalytics instance to create a new *Playback Session*:

21. sa.createPlaybackSession();

Advertisements that are played in relation to content should be in the same *Playback Session* as their related content. When advertisements are involved you would typically change the current *Playback Session* after any post-rolls and before any pre-rolls so that content and its related advertisements end up in the same *Playback Session*.



# 2.4 Specify Asset metadata

Each *Asset* is represented by metadata values. These metadata values are specified on analytics.StreamingAnalytics.ContentMetadata and analytics.StreamingAnalytics.AdvertisementMetadata object instances.

#### How to decide if the asset is content or advertisement...

In cases where defining a stream as advertisement or content is ambiguous, streams should be classified as content if they can be monetized. A stream can be monetized if it could (or did) have advertisements run against it. Conversely, a stream should be classified as advertisement if it is not in a position to have advertisements run against it due to the promotional nature of its subject matter.

The following types of video streams should **not** be tagged using the Streaming Tag unless otherwise directed by your Comscore account team.

#### In-banner video advertisements

In-banner video advertisements are the same as standard image/flash banner advertisements prevalent on the Internet, except they have a streamed video associated within them, (or consist entirely of a video). They leverage the banner space to deliver a video experience as opposed to another static or rich media format. The format relies on the existence of display advertisement inventory on the page for its delivery. Video banner advertisements can also have interactive rich media elements within them and can pop out of their banners to display larger video advertisements.

#### - Overlay advertisements

Overlay advertisements are non-linear video advertisements that are delivered as text, graphical banners/buttons, or as video and are placed within the media player window, either over the video content itself or directly on the top edge or bottom edge of the video content during the content play.

#### In-Text video advertisements

In-text video advertisements are delivered as a pop over when a user chooses to mouse-over relevant, apparently hyperlinked words within a block of text.

### 2.4.1 Specify content metadata

Once the analytics.StreamingAnalytics.ContentMetadata instance is created, metadata values are specified using its API methods. The full list of available content metadata is provided in *O Appendix A: Content metadata list on page 12*.

The following code example creates an instance of analytics.StreamingAnalytics.ContentMetadata and specifies those metadata values *required for Video Metrix tagging* to represent the content from our example:

```
31.
      var cm = new analytics.StreamingAnalytics.ContentMetadata();
32.
      cm.setMediaType( analytics.StreamingAnalytics.ContentMetadata.ContentType.LONG_FORM_ON_DEMAND );
      cm.setUniqueId( "13784" );
33.
      cm.setLength( 1418000 ); // 23m58s in milliseconds
34.
35
      cm.setDictionaryClassificationC3( "*null" );
36
      cm.setDictionaryClassificationC4( "*null" );
37.
      cm.setDictionaryClassificationC6( "*null" );
38
      cm.setStationTitle( "Hulu" );
39
      cm.setPublisherName( "ABC" );
40.
      cm.setProgramTitle( "Modern Family" );
41.
     cm.setGenreName( "Comedy" );
```



42. cm.classifyAsCompleteEpisode( true );

### 2.4.2 Specify advertisement metadata

Once the analytics. StreamingAnalytics. AdvertisementMetadata instance is created, metadata values are specified using its API methods. The full list of available content metadata is provided in *Appendix B: Advertisement metadata list on page 17*.

The following code creates an instance of analytics.StreamingAnalytics.AdvertisementMetadata and specifies metadata values to represent the pre-roll advertisement from our example:

```
41. var am = new analytics.StreamingAnalytics.AdvertisementMetadata();
42. am.setMediaType( analytics.StreamingAnalytics.AdvertisementMetadata.AdvertisementType.ON_DEMAND_PRE_ROLL );
43. am.setRelatedContentMetadata( cm );
44. am.setLength( 20000 ); // 20s in milliseconds
```

## 2.5 Add media change notifications

When your player loads content or advertisements for playback, you need to indicate which of the media metadata reflects what is currently loaded. For example, to indicate the player has currently loaded the pre-roll advertisement from our example:

```
51. sa.setMetadata( am );
```

Likewise, to indicate the player has currently loaded the content from our example:

```
61. sa.setMetadata( cm );
```

The setMetadata method accepts AdvertisementMetadata and ContentMetadata objects as its argument.

## 2.6 Add playback state change notifications

As your player plays content and advertisements, it will go through one or more of the playback state changes listed below. Please implement calls the associated notification methods on the analytics.StreamingAnalytics instance for the playback state changes of your player.

Playback state change	Method	Comments
buffering starts	notifyBufferStart()	Indicates the player has started <i>buffering streaming data and the player is currently <b>not</b> playing. You can call this method when buffering occurs prior to the start of playback as well as when buffering occurs during playback.</i>
		It is important to call this method when buffering occurs to ensure time spent buffering is not
		reported as playing time.
buffering ends		Indicates the player has <i>finished buffering streaming data</i> . You can call this method whenever you have previously called notifyBufferStart() to indicate buffering has finished.
	<pre>notifyBufferStop()</pre>	If you called notifyBufferStart() prior to the start of playback then the
		analytics.StreamingAnalytics instance will assume the player is now idle and waiting to start
		playback. Otherwise, If you called notifyBufferStart() during playback then the
		analytics.StreamingAnalytics instance will resume the collection of playing time.
playback activates	<pre>notifyPlay()</pre>	Indicates playback has started / resumed after pausing or continued after seeking.
playback pauses	<pre>notifyPause()</pre>	Indicates playback is paused and the player is currently <b>not</b> playing.

#### Playback state change notification methods



Playback state change	Method	Comments
playback ends	notifyEnd()	<ul> <li>Indicates <i>playback has ended</i>. You typically call this method in the following cases:</li> <li>Playback naturally reaches the end of the content or advertisement.</li> <li>The user interacts with the player, causing the player to go to an idle state. This does not necessarily mean the player was playing: <ul> <li>Playback could have been paused.</li> <li>The player could have been seeking or buffering.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Playback of the current asset ends because the player needs to change media, for example to load an advertisement for a mid-roll ad break or go back to the content after a mid-roll ad break.</li> <li>The player encountered a fatal error during playback, pausing, seeking or buffering and playback cannot continue.</li> </ul>
seeking starts	notifySeekStart()	Indicates the player has <i>started seeking</i> . You typically call this method when the user interacts with the player to make playback resume from a different position on the player <i>Time Line</i> . After seeking has finished playback will typically resume from a different position. Please make sure to <b>call the appropriate API method to make this new position known</b> to the analytics.StreamingAnalytics instance as instructed in <i>O Update current Playback Position on page 10</i> .

## 2.7 Additional change notifications

Depending on your player's capabilities, the kind of media your player supports and possible playback scenarios, there can also be other changes in the environment which you need to make the analytics.StreamingAnalytics instance aware of. Relevant situations are described in this section.

## 2.7.1 Specify DVR Window Length for Live+DVR streams

In Streaming Tag terminology *Live* refers to the transmission method rather than the media being live recorded. Typically these are multicast, unicast or simulcast deliveries where the player offers the live streams in a way where the user cannot choose what to play: the player will play whatever is being streamed by the media server.

Some players offer DVR ('Digital Video Recorder') capabilities for live streams. In this case the user can seek back and forth in the live stream, typically up to a certain amount of time (for example, 30 minutes or 2 hours back). When the user performs this action, the player will stream what was served on the live stream at that point in time. In Streaming Tag terminology this called *Live+DVR*. These actions by the user can impact metrics collection and need to be addressed in your implementation.

The following definitions are relevant for tagging Live+DVR streams:

#### Live Edge

The outer edge of the player *Time Line*, typically where a player would start playing a live stream. The user cannot change the *Playback Position forward* when the player is playing from the *Live Edge*. If a player does **not** offer *Live+DVR* capabilities then by definition playback *is always at the live edge* for any live streams.

#### **DVR Window Length**

The maximum amount of time the user can go back in time on the live stream. For example: if the player allows the user to go back to what was live streamed *at most* 30 minutes ago, then the *DVR Window Length* is 30 minutes.

#### **DVR Window Offset**

The amount of time the current playback position is behind the *Live Edge*. As an example, assume the player has a *DVR Window Length* of 30 minutes and is at the *Live Edge* when this scenario occurs:

- 1. At the Live Edge the DVR Window Offset is 0.
- 2. The user moves the *Playback Position* 12 minutes *backwards* (i.e., the user seeks). When playback continues, the *DVR Window Offset* is now 12 minutes.



- 3. As playback progresses, the DVR Window Offset continues to be 12 minutes.
- 4. The user moves the *Playback Position forward* by 4 minutes and playback continues, causing the *DVR Window Offset* to now be 8 minutes.

For *Live+DVR* use cases please use the following notification method on the analytics.StreamingAnalytics instance to inform it of *DVR Window Length* changes.

The analytics.StreamingAnalytics instance uses this calls to this notification method to identify the current asset as a *Live+DVR* stream to ensure accurate metrics reporting. Please make sure **not** to call this notification method for any live streams where the player does not offer DVR capabilities.

Live+DVR change notification methods						
Change	Method	Comments				
<i>DVR Live Window Length</i> changes	setDvrWindowLength( int length )	<ul> <li>Indicates the current <i>DVR Window Length</i> is known or has changed. It is expected for this method to be called <b>before</b> playback of the live stream starts or resumes — e.g., after pausing, seeking and/or changing to other media such as advertisements — as well as when the <i>DVR Window Length</i> changes during playback.</li> <li>The method expects one argument with a <b>positive</b> integer Number value representing the length in <b>milliseconds</b>. For example:</li> <li>A DVR window length of 30 minutes is represented as 1800000.</li> <li>A DVR window length of 2 hours is represented as 7200000.</li> </ul>				

i

Changes to the *DVR Window Offset* are considered playback position changes, for which specific instructions are provided in *Output Constant Playback Position on this page* 

## 2.7.2 Update current Playback Position

The analytics.StreamingAnalytics instance internally automatically calculates the current *Playback Position* from media changes, playback state changes and the progress of natural time while the player is *playing*. For example, when content media playback is interrupted for mid-roll ad breaks, the analytics.StreamingAnalytics instance automatically uses the content media its last-known position when playback of the content media resumes after the mid-roll ad break.

Although the analytics.StreamingAnalytics instance can deal with most common use cases, when the following things occur it might be necessary to inform the analytics.StreamingAnalytics instance where playback will start (or resume) to ensure accurate metrics reporting as the analytics.StreamingAnalytics instance cannot predict the seeked-to position:

- 1. When seeking occurs.
- 2. When the player starts media playback from a non-zero position, or from a position other than the *Live Edge* in case of *Live+DVR* streams.
- 3. When the player automatically changes the position, for example as the result of playback errors or live streaming behavior.



The are two mechanisms to inform the analytics.StreamingAnalytics instance of the position where playback will start (or resume), each with their own notification method on the analytics.StreamingAnalytics instance.

Please note that the two mechanisms should not both be used on the same asset to ensure accurate metrics reporting.

Change	Method	Comments
		Indicates the <i>Playback Position</i> where playback will start or resume next. Calls to this method
		will take effect on the next occurrence of playback (not necessarily for the same asset), which
Any non- <i>Live+DVR</i> position	startFromPosition( int	can be the start of playback as well as resuming playback after seeking, buffering or changing
change	position )	media.
		The method expects one argument with a <b>positive</b> integer Number value representing the
		<i>Playback Position</i> in <b>milliseconds</b> . For example: 10 minutes should be provided as 600000.
		Indicates the current DVR Window Offset is known or has changed. Calls to this method will
		take effect on the next occurrence of playback (not necessarily for the same asset). Calling
DVB Window Offset change		this method will cause the analytics.StreamingAnalytics instance to identify the
		current asset as a <i>Live+DVR</i> stream to ensure accurate metrics reporting.
	startFromDvrWindowOffset(	The method expects one argument with a <b>positive</b> integer Number value representing the
	int offset )	DVR Window Offset in milliseconds. For example:
		• A DVR window offset or 0 seconds - i.e., playback is at the <i>Live Edge</i> - is represented as
		v.
		A DVH window offset of 8 minutes - i.e., playback is 8 minutes in the past from the Live
		<i>Edge</i> - is represented as 480000.

### Playback Position change notification methods

## 2.7.3 Add playback rate change notifications

If your player is capable of changing playback rate, then please use the following notification method on the

analytics.StreamingAnalytics instance to indicate each playback rate change and ensure the automatic calculation of playback position and completion metrics are correct.

Playback rate	change	notification	methods
---------------	--------	--------------	---------

Change	Method	Comments		
Playback rate changes		The playback rate is expressed as a float Number value. Example playback rate		
	notifyChangePlaybackRate( float rate )	values are:		
		<ul> <li>normal speed (100%): 1.0</li> </ul>		
		<ul> <li>half speed (50%): 0.5</li> </ul>		
		<ul> <li>double speed (200%): 2.0</li> </ul>		

For example, to indicate playback speed has doubled:

```
71. sa.notifyChangePlaybackRate( 2.0 );
```

Please be aware that the analytics.StreamingAnalytics instance retains the current playback rate when the current *Asset* changes. If your player resets its playback rate when media changes, then please make sure to include a notification method call to indicate the reset.



# Appendix A: Content metadata list

The following table lists the analytics.StreamingAnalytics.ContentMetadata API methods for specifying metadata values.

Content metadata							
💟 = Video Metrix 🛛 🔀 = Cross Platform Product Suite 🔂 = Cross Media Audience Measurement							
Method	Required for	Optional for		Example value			
		_	ContentType.LC	DNG_FORM_ON_DEMAND			
	The media type	is critical for en	L nabling Comscore to	distinguish different types of streams. The values are			
	provided with th	ne analytics.	StreamingAnaly	tics.ContentMetadata.ContentType object:			
	Value						
	SHORT FORM	ON DEMAND <sup>A</sup>		PREMIUM			
	LONG FORM (	N DEMAND <sup>A</sup>		Content with strong brand equity or brand recognition.			
				Premium content is usually created or produced by media			
				and entertainment companies using professional-grade			
	LIVE			equipment, talent, and production crews that hold or			
			Δ	maintain the rights for distribution and syndication.			
	USER_GENERA	TED_SHORT_F	ORM_ON_DEMAND	USER-GENERATED			
setMediaType( value )	USER_GENERA	TED_LONG_FO	RM_ON_DEMAND	User-generated content (UGC) has minimal production			
				value, and is uploaded to the Internet by non-media			
	USER_GENERA			professionals.			
				BUMPERS <sup>B</sup>			
	BUMPER			Bumpers — also known as billboards or slates — are static			
				promotional items which usually run before content and			
				usually last less than 5 seconds.			
	OTHER			Used if none of the above categories apply.			
	<sup>A</sup> Long form video on demand is differentiated from short form video on demand in that long form content always has a content arc with a beginning, middle, and end which in its entirety typically lasts longer than 10 minutes.						
	B Bumpers (billboards, slates) do not have to be tagged. With some implementations tagging of bumpers cannot						
	be avoided. In those cases these values can be used to identify streams as bumpers.						
		_	13784				
setUniqueId( String id )	Used in report calculations logic to identify individual content. Provide your internal unique identifier for the						
	content.						
	Provide value	9" if your medi	a player does not us I	se or have access to unique content identifiers.			
		-	1418000 (23 minu	ites and 58 seconds)			
	A value in milli	seconds indica	ting the length of the	e individual content (the available amount of content). If your			
SetLength ( int length )	media player or content metadata database reports length values in seconds then please multiply those values						
	by 1000.						
cotDictionaryClassificationC2(	It the content length is unknown or cannot be determined then please provide value 0.						
String value )		_	"nu L L				
setDictionaryClassificationC4(	These values d	etermine which	entity the content w	ill credit to in the Video Metrix dictionary. The values do not			
String value )	have specific p	re-defined mear	nings. You should w	ork with your Comscore account team to establish what these			
setDictionaryClassificationC6(	metadata value	s should be, ba	sed on your desired	dictionary goals.			
String value )	Provide value	*null" for any	/ of the values you c	to not intend to use.			
<pre>setStationTitle( String title )</pre>		_	<ul><li>ESPN3</li><li>BBC2</li></ul>				



Method	Required for	Example value						
	Title of the station or channel for which content was recorded or where content is made available.							
	_		sc132					
<pre>setStationCode( String code )</pre>	Code of the sta	tion or channel	for which content was recorded or where content is made available. Can be used					
	for matching pu	rposes (for exa	mple when the station titles are multilingual).					
	_		<ul> <li>ABC</li> <li>GRIT</li> <li>Escape</li> <li>MeTV</li> </ul>					
setNetworkAffiliate( String code )	Code to identify	station affiliatio	on in cases where the same local TV station call sign is affiliated with multiple					
	national TV networks. Expected to be used alongside setStationTitle( String title ) or							
	setStationCo	ode( String	code ).					
<pre>setPublisherName( String name )</pre>			<ul> <li>ESPN</li> <li>CNN</li> </ul>					
	Collect the cons	sumer-facing bra	and name of the media publisher that owns the content.					
		-	<ul> <li>Modern Family</li> <li>Harry Potter 7</li> <li>Game 16: Eagles vs Patriots</li> </ul>					
<pre>setProgramTitle( String title )</pre>	Top level conte	nt title (i.e., the	name of the overall program, show, or content series). Can be used with					
	setEpisodeT	itle( String	; title ) to tag TV shows on program and episode level.					
	-		53617155					
	Top level content ID to be used for matching and grouping purposes (for example when the program title							
<pre>setProgramId( String id )</pre>	appears with multiple variations for the same program). Can be used with setEpisodeId( String id ) to							
	tag TV shows on program and episode level.							
	This should not	be confused wi	ith setUniqueId(String id) which identifies an individual asset.					
		—	Kash Decisions     Season 2 Teaser					
<pre>setEpisodeTitle( String title )</pre>	Sub level conte	nt title (i.e., the	title of the specific episode). Can be used with <pre>setProgramTitle(</pre> String					
	title ) to tag	TV shows on p	program and episode level.					
	_	XC	846252126					
cotEnicodoId(String id)	Sub level conte	nt ID to be used	d for matching and grouping purposes (for example when the episode title					
setepisoderd( string id )	appears with multiple variations for the same episode of a specific program). Can be used with							
	(This should not be confused with setUniqueId( String id ) which identifies an individual asset)							
		_						
<pre>setEpisodeSeasonNumber( String value</pre>		r far aniaadia aa						
)	Season number for episodic content. It is recommended to use values with 2 digits, left-padded with 0. Omit or provide an empty string for non-episodic content.							
		-	- 08 - 008					
<pre>setEpisodeNumber( String value )</pre>	Episode numbe	er for episodic co	. ontent. It is recommended to use values with 2 digits $-$ or 3 digits for episodic					
	content with mo	ore than 99 epis	odes in a season — left-padded with 0.					
		_	Comedy     Sports					
<pre>setGenreName( String name )</pre>			<ul> <li>Science Fiction / Fantasy, Drama</li> </ul>					
	Genre descripti	on. Multiple valu	ues can be provided as a comma-separated string.					
cotGenroId( String id )	_		<ul> <li>243</li> <li>e5a5c</li> <li>165,73</li> </ul>					
Secondary Sching (a)	Genre ID to be	used for matchi	ng and grouping purposes (for example when the genres are multilingual).					
	Multiple values	can be provided	d as a comma-separated string.					
<pre>carryTvAdvertisementLoad( Boolean value )</pre>	×	_	true					



Method	Required for	Optional for	Example value					
	Use value true if the streamed content carries the same advertisement load that was used during the TV airing							
	Otherwise omit	or use value fa	ilse.					
	This metadata h	nelps Comscore	differentiate if the stream is carrying the same ad load as TV. Often digital video					
	inventory is club	bed together w	ith TV inventory and is served with the same ad load. The $CPM^{(1)}$ for digital					
	inventory with TV ad load is different from the CPM for any other ad load. If for any reason your backend or workflow requires all media metadata to have values for the same set of metadata, then please make sure you use value false for any streamed content which did <b>not</b> carry the same							
	advertisement load as during the TV airing.							
	X	_	true					
		if the content m	nadia is a full anisodal rather than an excernt. Otherwise omit or use value					
classifyAsCompleteEnisode( Boolean	This metadata h	nelps Comscore	identify if the streaming content is episodic. long-form, or premium in nature. It					
value )	also indicates w	hether the show	w or episode will be explicitly broken out in the dictionary.					
	If for any reasor	n your backend	or workflow requires all media metadata to have values for the same set of					
	metadata, then	please make su	are you use value false for any streamed media which is <b>not</b> a full content					
	episode.	_						
<pre>setDateOfProduction( int year, int</pre>	_	C	2019, 5, 14 (May 14, 2019)					
month, int day )	The date on wh	ich the content	was produced or created.					
<pre>setTimeOfProduction( int hours, int</pre>	-	C	17, 24 (17:24)					
minutes ) The time at which the content was produced or created.								
	XC	-	2019, 5, 22 (May 22, 2019)					
<pre>setDateOfTvAiring( int year, int</pre>	The date on which the content aired on TV. This metadata helps Comscore establish monetization windows							
month, int day )	(live, day +1, day +3, etc.) for any given episode or show. The monetization windows are used to calculate							
	commercial and program ratings.							
<pre>setTimeOfTvAiring( int hours, int</pre>	_		20, 30 (20:30)					
minutes )	The time at whi	ch the content a	ired on TV.					
		_	2019, 5, 25 (May 25, 2019)					
<pre>setDateOfDigitalAiring( int year,</pre>	The date on wh	ich the content	was made available for streaming consumption. This metadata helps Comscore					
int month, int day )	establish monetization windows (live, day +1, day +3, etc.) for any given episode or show. The monetization							
	windows are used to calculate commercial and program ratings.							
<pre>setTimeOfDigitalAiring( int hours,</pre>	-		11, 15 (11:15)					
int minutes )	The time at whi	ch the content v	vas made available for streaming consumption.					
	X	_	ContentFeedType.EAST_HD					
	Specify the type	of feed provide	ed on the live stream. Intended to be used on live streams using the same feed as					
	was used for the	e live TV broado	cast. Currently only used for implementations in the US. The values are provided					
	with the analy	tics.Streami	<pre>ingAnalytics.ContentMetadata.ContentFeedType object:</pre>					
	Value		Description					
setFeedType( value )		Livo etroami	Description					
			is using the high definition feed used for US eastern live TV broadcast					
	WEST_H	Live stream i	is using the high definition feed used for US western live it v broadcast					
	EAST_S	Live stream i	is using the standard definition feed used for US eastern live TV broadcast					
	WEST_S	D Live stream i	is using the standard definition feed used for US western live TV broadcast					
classifyAsAudioStream( Boolean value			true					
)								

(1) CPM - short for 'Cost Per Mille' - is the advertising cost per 1000 impressions.



Method	Required for	I Optional for			Example value			
	Use value true if the content is audio-only, rather than video (with or without audio). Otherwise omit or use							
	value false	s.						
	This metada	ta helps Comsco	ore identify	if the stream	ing content is audio-only in nature.			
	If for any reason your backend or workflow requires all media metadata to have values for the same set of metadata, then please make sure you use value false for any streamed media which is video (with or withou							
	audio).							
			Conte	ntDelivery	Mode.ON_DEMAND			
	Identifies the	Identifies the content delivery to be on-demand or linear. The values are provided with the						
setDeliveryMode( value )	analytics							
			Va	lue	Description			
				AR Conte	nt delivery was linear			
					nt delivery was on-demand			
	-		Conte	ntDelivery	SubscriptionType.PREMIUM			
	Identifies the	type of subscrip	tion of the	e user. The va	lues are provided with the			
	analytics	.StreamingAn	alytics.	ContentMet	<pre>cadata.ContentDeliverySubscriptionType object:</pre>			
		Val	ue		Description			
<pre>setDelivervSubscriptionType( value )</pre>	For live (linear) delivery		TRADIT	IONAL_MVPD	Traditional multichannel video programming distributor			
setberiverysubscriptiontype( value )		(inteal) dentery	VIRTUA	MVPD	Virtual multichannel video programming distributor			
			SUBSCR	IPTION	Subscription video on demand			
	For on-	demand delivery	TRANSA	CTIONAL	Transactional video on demand			
			ADVERT	ISING	Advertising video on demand			
			PREMIU	1	Premium video on demand			
	− V X C ContentDeliveryComposition.CLEAN							
	Indicates whether or not ads are delivered as part of the content stream. The values are provided with the							
<pre>setDelivervComposition( value )</pre>	analytics.StreamingAnalytics.ContentMetadata.ContentDeliveryComposition object:							
Serverycomposition (varace)	Value				Description			
	CLEAN A		Advertise	Advertisements are not delivered as part of the content stream				
		EMBED	Advertise	ments are del	ivered as part of the content stream			
	-		Conte	ntDelivery	AdvertisementCapability.DYNAMIC_LOAD			
	Indicate what	t capability is all	owed for a	dvertisement	placements. The values are provided with the			
	analytics	.StreamingAn	alytics.	ContentMet	adata.ContentDeliveryAdvertisementCapability			
	object:							
		Value		Description				
	NONE			No advertise	ement placement allowed			
setDeliveryAdvertisementCapability(	DYNAMIC_	OAD		The allowed advertisement placement capability is dynamic				
value )				The allowed	advertisement placement canability is dynamic			
	DYNAMIC_	REPLACEMENT		advertiseme	int replacement			
	LINEAR_1	DAY, LINEAR_20	DAY,					
	LINEAR_3	 DAY, LINEAR_4D	DAY,	The allowed	advertisement placement capability is linear ad load for a			
	LINEAR_5DAY, LINEAR_6DAY,			specific number of days, e.g., LINEAR_3DAY for 3 days				
	LINEAR_7	YAY						
setMediaFormat( value )	-		Conte	ntMediaFor	mat.FULL_CONTENT_EPISODE			



Method	Required for	Option for	nal 	Example value			
	Specify the type of content media in more detail. The values are provided with the						
	analytics.StreamingAnalytics.ContentMetadata.ContentMediaFormat object:						
	Value Description						
	The original content in its entirety (i.e., at least 85%)						
		FULL_CO	NTEN	T_EPISODE	Content is a full episode		
	For full	FULL_CO	NTENT	T_MOVIE	Content is a full movie		
	content	FULL CO	NTEN	T PODCAST	Content is a full podcast		
		FULL CO	NTENT	 T_GENERIC	Full content that cannot be identified as a	listed format	
		Part of th	e origi	inal content (i.e.,	less than 85%)		
		PARTIAL	_CON1	TENT_EPISODE	Partial episode		
	For partial	PARTIAL	_CON1	TENT_MOVIE	Partial movie		
	content	PARTIAL	_CON1	TENT_PODCAST	Partial podcast		
		PARTIAL	CONT	TENT_GENERIC	Partial content that cannot be identified as	a listed format	
		A previev	v or tra	ailer for the origin	al content		
		PREVIEW	L_EPIS	SODE	Episode preview		
	For preview	PREVIEW	I MOVI	IE	Movie preview		
	content	PREVIEW		FRIC	Preview for content that cannot be identifi	ed as episode or	
					movie		
		Additiona	al conte	ent, not part of th	e original broadcasting		
	For extra	EXTRA_EPISODE		DE	Episode extra content		
	content	EXTRA_MOVIE			Movie extra content		
		EXTRA_G	XTRA_GENERIC		Extra content is additional to original content	ent that cannot be	
		_			identified as episode or movie		
	_		C	ContentDistr	ibutionModel.TV_AND_ONLINE		
	Specify where the content was distributed. The values are provided with the						
	analytics.S	treaming	gAnal	ytics.Conten	tMetadata.ContentDistributionMod	lel object:	
setDistributionModel( value )				Value	Description		
			TV_AND_ONLINE		Content is distributed on TV and online		
		E	XCLUS	IVELY_ONLINE	Content is distributed exclusively online		
	_	C		"Modern Fami	ly Season 2"		
<pre>setPlaylistTitle( String title )</pre>	Can be used if	the player	offers	the media as pa	art of a playlist. Specify an identifier (title, et	c.) for the playlist. For	
	example, the T	V Show tit	le for a	a playlist which c	ontains all episodes from a specific TV sho	W.	
	-		0	3			
<pre>setTotalSegments( int total )</pre>	Indicates the to	tal numbe	r of se	gments of the co	ontent, which is one more than the number	of mid-roll ad breaks.	
	For example, 1	segment	means	no mid-roll ad b	reaks while 3 segments means 2 mid-roll a	ad breaks.	
	Provide value	if the tota	al numl	ber of segments	of the content cannot be determined.		
<pre>setClipUrl( String url )</pre>	-			http://strea	aming.example.com/asset/13784		
	The URL (or pa	ath/filenam	ie) of tl	he content strear	n.		
<pre>setVideoDimensions( int pixelsWide,</pre>	-	C	C 1280, 720				
int pixelsHigh )	Content video	width and I	height	in pixels.			
				{			
	_		្រ	'name1':	'value1',		
addCustomLabels( Object labels )			-	'name2':	'value2'		
				}			
	Can be used to specify a collection of custom metadata name/value pairs.						



# Appendix B: Advertisement metadata list

The following table lists the analytics.StreamingAnalytics.AdvertisementMetadata API methods for specifying metadata values.

	Advertis	ement metadata	2				
$\mathbf{V} = Video Metrix  \mathbf{X} = Cr$	ross Platform Produ	uct Suite 🖸 =	Cross Media Audience Measurement				
Method	Required for	Optional for	. Example value				
		_	AdvertisementType.ON_DEMAND_PRE_ROLL				
	The media type is critical for enabling Comscore to distinguish different types of streams. The values are						
	provided with the						
	analytics.StreamingAnalytics.AdvertisementMetadata.AdvertisementType object:						
	Valu	le	Description				
setMediaType( value )	ON_DEMAND_PRE_ROLL		LINEAR - VIDEO ON DEMAND				
	ON_DEMAND_MID_	ROLL	Linear advertisements delivered into a media player and presented before, in the middle of, or after video content is consumed by the				
	ON_DEMAND_POST_ROLL		user. The advertisement completely takes over the full view of the				
			media player.				
	LIVE		LINEAR - LIVE				
			Linear advertisements delivered before, in the middle of, or after a live stream of content. The advertisement completely takes over				
			he full view of the media player.				
	BRANDED_ON_DEM	AND_PRE_ROLL					
	BRANDED_ON_DEMAND_MID_ROLL		BRANDED ENTERTAINMENT				
	BRANDED_ON_DEM	AND_POST_ROLL	Media that a user may intentionally view (like content), or it may be served to a user during an ad break (like an advertisement).				
	BRANDED_AS_CON	TENT					
	BRANDED_DURING	LIVE					
	OTHER		OTHER				
			Used if none of the above categories apply.				
		-	cm				
<pre>setRelatedContentMetadata(</pre>	Specify the analytics.StreamingAnalytics.ContentMetadata of the content which the						
<pre>contentMetadataObject )</pre>	advertisement is served for. Omit for cases where player is not aware which content the advertisement is						
	playing for.						
setUniqueId( String id )	-	C	"332584"				
	Provide a unique identifier of the advertisement. The identifier is expected to different for different						
	advertisements (i.e., to distinguish one creative from another).						
	Provide value "0" if your media playe		r does not use or have access to unique content identifiers.				
			27000 (27 seconds)				
setLength( int length )	A value in milliseconds indicating the length of the individual advertisement. If your media player or						
	advertisement metadata reports length values in seconds then please multiply those values by 1000.						
	If the advertisement	length is unknown	n or cannot be determined then please provide value 0.				
<pre>setDeliveryType( value )</pre>	-		AdvertisementDeliveryType.NATIONAL				



Method	Required for		Optional for		Example value		
	Specify the mechanis		ism use to deliver an advertisement. The values are provided with the				
	<pre>analytics.StreamingAnalytics.AdvertisementMetadata.AdvertisementDeliveryType object:</pre>						
			ValueNATIONALTh		Description The advertisement is delivered nationally		
			LOCAL	The	e advertisement is delivered locally		
			SYNDICATION	The	e advertisement is delivered for syndication		
	_	AdvertisementOwner.DISTRIBUTOR					
	Specify who is monetizing the advertisement. The values are provided with the						
	analytics.StreamingAnalytics.AdvertisementMetadata.AdvertisementOwner object:						
	Value Description						
	DISTRIBUTOR	zed by distributor (i.e., the party reflected by the					
setOwner( value )		setPublisherName( String name ) metadata)					
		Advertisement is monetized by originator (i.e., the party reflected by the					
	ORIGINATOR	<pre>setStationlitle( String title ) or setStationCode( String code ) metadata)</pre>					
	MULTTPLE	Adv	dvertisement is monetized by multiple owners				
	NONE	Adv	ertisement is not	towi	ned		
		:6 41			true		
	omit or use value false						
classifyAsAudioStream( Boolean value )	This metadata helps Comscore identify if the streaming advertisement is audio-only in nature.						
	metadata, then please make sure you use value false for any streamed metadata to have values for the same set of						
	without audio).						
setServerCampaignId( String id )	_				"5237817254"		
	Provide an ID for the advertisement campaign being delivered.						
setPlacementId( String id )	_				"867225"		
	Provide an ID for the placement the advertisement campaign is being delivered to.						
setSiteId( String id )	-				"3445"		
	Provide an ID for the site the advertisement campaign is being delivered to.						
setServer( String name )	_				"Freewheel"		
	Provide a name for the advertising server/provider.						
cotTitle(String title)	- XC Summer sale 2019						
	Provide a title for the advertisement (i.e., the name of the campaign or creative).						
<pre>setCallToActionUrl( String url )</pre>	- C				"http://example.com/landing_page"		
	Provide the URL which will be loaded when the advertisement is clicked on.						
cotflipHrl(String url)	- C				http://streaming.example.com/asset/13784		
settlipUrl( String url )	The URL (or path/filename) of the advertisement stream.						
setVideoDimensions( int pixelsWide, int			C		1280, 720		
pixelsHigh )	Advertisement vi	deo	width and height	in p	ixels.		
	_				(		
					'name1': 'value1',		
<pre>addCustomLabels( Object labels )</pre>					'name2': 'value2'		
	Can be used to specify a collection of custom metadata name/value pairs.						



# Appendix C: Content metadata example values

There are different types of video content out there on the internet and each type has certain nuances about how it should be tagged in order to be reported correctly in Comscore's Audience measurement products. This section will guide you how to populate the video metadata parameters for the most common types of content available on the internet.

Metadata	TV Show Episode	TV Show Trailer	Live Sports Content	Sports Highlight Clip	Movie	Movie Trailer	Online News Content	Music Video
<pre>Station Title — setStationTitle( String title )</pre>	Hulu	YouTube	ESPN3	YouTube	Hulu	YouTube	Huffington Post	VEVO
Publisher Brand Name — setPublisherName( String name)	ABC	ABC	ESPN	NFL	Warner Bros.	Warner Bros.	Huffington Post	VEVO
<pre>Program Title — setProgramTitle( String title )</pre>	Modern Family	Modern Family	Game 16: Eagles vs Patriots	Game 16: Eagles vs Patriots	Harry Potter 7	Harry Potter 7	Huff Post Live	Taylor Swift
<pre>Episode Title - setEpisodeTitle( String title )</pre>	Rash Decisions	Season 2 Teaser	*null	*null	*null	Harry Potter 7 Trailer #3	All is not Well in Hillaryland	Wildest Dreams
Episode Season Number — setEpisodeSeasonNumber( String value )	1	*null	*null	*null	*null	*null	*null	*null
<pre>Episode Number - setEpisodeNumber( String value )</pre>	2	*null	*null	*null	*null	*null	*null	*null
Genre — setGenreName( String name )	Comedy	Comedy	Sports	Sports	Science Fiction / Fantasy,Drama	Science Fiction / Fantasy,Drama	News	Music
Complete Episode — classifyAsCompleteEpisode( Boolean value )	1	Θ	1	Θ	1	0	0	Θ

Content metadata examples per type of content

#### A list of suggested Genre values is provided below:

- Action / Adventure
- Documentary
- Home & Garden / Home Improvement
- News
- Soap Opera

- Adult
  - Drama
    - Home Shopping
    - Paid Programming
    - Sports
- .

- AnimationEducational
- Kids
- Politics / Public Affairs
- Talk

- Awards
- Foreign Language
- LifestyleReality
  - ....

Comedy

Movies

Travel

Religious

Game Show

Thriller / Horror

- Food
  - Holiday
  - Music
  - Science Fiction / Fantasy
  - Variety



# Appendix D: Update an existing implementation

Updating within the same library major version typically are drop-in replacements. When *upgrading* to a newer major version some code changes might be required as major versions usually include API changes.

It could be that some of the library classes, API methods or method arguments mentioned in this appendix do not appear in your implementation. If your implementation contains elements which are not mentioned in these migration instructions then please contact your Comscore account team or implementation support team for additional instructions.

With older library major versions, the solution for streaming media players in web sites or web applications intended for PC and Mobile web browsers only uses the Streaming Tag. **Please ensure you have first followed the migration instructions mentioned in the** *JavaScript Library Implementation Guide*.

Next you will need to determine the type of your current Streaming Tag implementation in order to know which migration steps to follow.

Appearance / Characteristics	Major Version	Implementation Type
Your implementation uses StreamingAnalytics object instances	6	'Standard' Streaming Tag
Your implementation uses ReducedRequirementsStreamingAnalytics object instances	0	Reduced Requirements Streaming Tag

The code examples and object references in the migration steps assume you have created a library API reference called analytics.

# Migrate 'Standard' Streaming Tag from major version 6 to 7

- 1. Remove any arguments from the statement that creates the  $ns_.StreamingAnalytics$  instance. For example:
  - 11. var sa = new ns\_.StreamingAnalytics( { publisherId: '1234567' } );

That code statement should be changed into:

11. var sa = new ns\_.StreamingAnalytics();

- 2. Replace occurrences of class name ns\_.StreamingAnalytics with analytics.StreamingAnalytics. This will again change the statement where you have just removed the arguments.
- 3. Assuming you use sa to reference the analytics.StreamingAnalytics object instance, replace the following method calls to account for API changes.



Existing code	Migrated code
	111. /* Use AdvertisementMetadata if the asset is an advartisement
	112. * You can determine if the asset is an
	advertisement from
	<pre>113. * the presence and value of ns_st_ad on the metadata argument.</pre>
<pre>111. sa.getPlaybackSession().setAsset(metadata);</pre>	114. * If ns_st_ad is present with a value that is
	115. * not null, empty string, "0" or 0, then the asset
	is an advertisement.
	116. */
	<pre>117. var cm = new ContentMetadata();</pre>
	<pre>118. cm.customLabels( metadata );</pre>
	119. sa.setMetadata(cm);
	121 ca startEcomPosition( position ):
<pre>121. sa.notifyBufferStart( position );</pre>	122 sa notifyRufferStart():
	125. sa.startFromPosition( position );
125. sa.notifyBufferStop( position );	126. sa.notifyBufferStop();
	<pre>131. sa.startFromPosition( position );</pre>
IST. Sa. not ryp tay ( position );	132. sa.notifyPlay();
<pre>141. sa.notifyPause( position );</pre>	141. sa.notifyPause();
<pre>151. sa.notifySeekStart( position );</pre>	151. sa.notifySeekStart();
161. sa.notifyEnd( position );	161. sa.notifyEnd();
171 sa setDVRWindowlength(length)	171 sa setDyrWindowlength(length):
	Salsetprimindowcength ( tength ),
175. sa.setDVRWindowOffset( offset );	<pre>175. sa.startFromDvrWindowOffset( offset );</pre>

# Migrate Reduced Requirements Streaming Tag from major version 6 to 7

 Remove any arguments from the statement that creates the ns\_.ReducedRequirementsStreamingAnalytics instance. For example:

11. var sa = new ns\_.ReducedRequirementsStreamingAnalytics( { publisherId: '1234567' } );

That code statement should be changed into:

- 11. var sa = new ns\_.ReducedRequirementsStreamingAnalytics();
- Replace occurrences of class name ns\_.ReducedRequirementsStreamingAnalytics with analytics.StreamingAnalytics. This will again change the statement where you have just removed the arguments.
- 3. Replace occurrences of class name ns\_.ReducedRequirementsStreamingAnalytics.ContentType with analytics.StreamingAnalytics.ContentMetadata.ContentType.
- 4. Replace occurrences of class name ns\_.ReducedRequirementsStreamingAnalytics.AdType with analytics.StreamingAnalytics.AdvertisementMetadata.AdvertisementType.
- 5. Assuming you use sa to reference the analytics. StreamingAnalytics object instance, replace the following method



### calls to account for API changes.

Existing code	Migrated code			
<pre>131. sa.playVideoContentPart( metadata, contentType );</pre>	<pre>131. var cm = new ContentMetadata(); 132. cm.setMediaType( contentType ); 133. cm.addCustomLabels( metadata ); 134. sa.setMetadata( cm ); 135. sa.notifyPlay();</pre>			
<pre>141. sa.playAudioContentPart( metadata, contentType );</pre>	<pre>141. var cm = new ContentMetadata(); 142. cm.setMediaType( contentType ); 143. cm.classifyAsAudioStream( true ); 144. cm.addCustomLabels( metadata ); 145. sa.setMetadata( cm ); 146. sa.notifyPlay();</pre>			
<pre>151. sa.playVideoAdvertisement( metadata,</pre>	<pre>151. var am = new AdvertisementMetadata(); 152. am.setMediaType( advertisementType ); 153. am.addCustomLabels( metadata ); 154. sa.setMetadata( am ); 155. sa.notifyPlay();</pre>			
<pre>161. sa.playAudioAdvertisement( metadata, advertisementType );</pre>	<pre>161. var am = new AdvertisementMetadata(); 162. am.setMediaType( advertisementType ); 163. am.classifyAsAudioStream( true ); 164. am.addCustomLabels( metadata ); 165. sa.setMetadata( am ); 166. sa.notifyPlay();</pre>			
171. sa.stop();	171. sa.notifyPause();			

